## Project Report for, 40,000 layer birds rearing per year,



## PROJECT REPORT FOR 40,000 COMMERCIAL <u>Layer Birds</u>

Registered office; -

At		P.O	
Block	P.S	District	
	Farm		
Vill	Mouja	P.O P.O	urces and Animal Lines
Block	P.S	1 26	
		ector.	तत्यमेव जयते Sampad Bhavan -2, Sector-III

## **Government of West Bengal Directorate of Animal Resources & Animal Health** LB-2, Sector-III, Salt Lake City, Kolkata-700 106.

No. 4710 /5P-402/2016

Dated Kolkata, the 28th August, 2017

To

The General Secretary, West Bengal Poultry Federation, 46/ C Chowringhee Road, 11th Floor, Everest Building, Kolkata-700 071

Sub.: Vetting of Model Project proposals for Commercial Layer/ Duck Farm submitted by West Bengal Poultry Federation, 46/C, Chowringhee Road, Everest Building, Kolkata-700 071.

Ref.: Your letter no. wbpf/065/17-18 dated 01.08.2017

In reference to the subject cited above, following Model Project reports (8 nos.) for establishment of Commercial Layer /Duck Farm without feed production unit have been examined and vetted for its technical feasibility based on Animal Husbandry concept.

- 1. Commercial Layer Farm having capacity of 10,000 Layer/Year (1:1:5 plan) with project cost of Rs. 95.18 Lakh.
- 2. Commercial Layer Farm having capacity of 20,000 Layer/Year (1:1:5 plan) with project cost of Rs. 186.47 Lakh.
- 3. Commercial Layer Farm having capacity of 30,000 Layer/Year (1:1:5 plan) with project cost of Rs. 277.29 Lakh.
- 4. Commercial Layer Farm having capacity of 40,000 Layer/Year (1:1:5 plan) with project cost of Rs. 361.75 Lakh.
- 5. Commercial Layer Farm having capacity of 50,000 Layer/Year (1:1:5 plan) with project cost of Rs. 448.21 Lakh.
- 6. Commercial Layer Farm having capacity of 99,900 Layer/Year (1:1:5 plan) with project cost of Rs. 849.33 Lakh.
- 7. Commercial Layer Farm having capacity of 60,000 Layer/Year (1:3 plan) with project cost of Rs. 552.71 Lakh.
- 8. Commercial Duck Farm having capacity of 10,000 Duck Layer/Year (1:1:5 plan) with project cost of Rs. 115.16 Lakh.

However, this Directorate has no objection if it is be implemented in this state, subject to maintenance of appropriate bio-security practices and necessary technical approaches and on fulfilment of all other statutory obligations, if any. a.. ~ 18.8.1)

> Director of Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Services, West Bengal

No. 4710/1/5P-402/2016

Dated Kolkata, the 28th August, 2017

Copy forwarded for kind information to:

The Pr. Secretary to the Govt. of West Bengal, ARDD, LB-2, Sector-III, Salt Lake City, Kolkata-700 106.

> Director of Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Services, West Bengal

Model Project Report of **Commercial Layer (Chicken) Farm** having capacity of around 40,000 Layer birds rearing per year (1:1:5 plan) without Feed production unit with project cost of Rs. 361.75 Lakh only has been examined and **vetted for its Technical feasibility** and this Directorate has no objection, if it is be implemented in this state subject to adoption of appropriate bio security procedures, necessary technical approaches and fulfilment of all other statutory obligation (if any).

Puri 108/17

Wray 298/17

Director of Animal Husbandry & Veterinary Services, West Bengal



(Should be given before submission to the Bank)

## INDEX OF STATEMENT'S FOR 40,000 COMMERCIAL LAYER PER YEAR

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**INTRODUCTION**: Commercial poultry production is 48 years old confining only to the contry popularly known Desi breeds. Since 1970 this poultry industry has undergone a phenomenal growth making the industry the fastest one. One production of increased in a high level after the adoption of hybrid birds.

The production of eggs has 79% from genetically improved layer and 21% from country popularly known Desi birds. India is the fifth highest egg producer in the world and the per capita consumption is now only 70. The Indian Council of Medical Research and National Institute of nutrition suggested 180 as the ideal level of consumption that resulted in going for hybrid poultry production.

Broilers were unknown in India before 42 years, as years past this variety occupied a good position among the Indian population. Now the poultry industry contributes about Rs. 1,10,000 cores to the GNP of the country. Moreover the export also increased from a meagre 0.05% to a whopping 4% today.

The poultry has distinct advantages over other vacations because:-

- 1. Small land requirement
- 2. Faster returns
- 3. Small initial capital investments
- 4. Planning for uniform and regular flow of income
- 5. Wider scope for expansion due to lower competition
- 6. Employment generation potential.

Poultry eggs and meats are important source of high quality proteins, minerals and vitamins to balance the human diet. Eggs are considered to be the nature's marvel providing the best quality protein food. An egg contains:-

- 1. Water 74.0%
- 2. Carbohydrate -0.9%
- 3. Proteins -12.4%
- 4. Fat -11.7%
- 5. Ash -1.0%

Except this, an egg has calcium, iron, phosphorus, vitamin A, B, D, riboflavin and nicotinic acid. The presence of all these ensures better eye sight, healthy skin. Strong nerves, free from rickets, healthy mouth, tongue, lips, eyes and a glowing healthy skin.

Poultry meat is low in fat and rich in proteins and is recommended to patients with high blood pressure rather than other non-vegetation food items. Poultry manure contains nitrogen. Phosphorous, potassium and others organic matters. This is ideal for use in agriculture, thus has a good market potential.



## **ORGANISATION:** - The promoters Descriptions,

(Should be written in details of address, experience regarding promoters)



## **ORGANISATION: -** The promoters Descriptions,

(Should be written in details of address, experience regarding promoters)



**SCOPE**: Agriculture is the core sector of Indian economy and poultry fanning is considered as a major part of agriculture and allied activities. All districts of West-Bengal is ideal for this type of farming since the production and productivity is low in direct agriculture. In orders to increase the economy of the area poultry farming is recommended.

Though the per capita requirement of eggs in India is 180, India produces only 70 to 72 eggs per capita per year. Out of the total requirement of West Bengal it produces presently 4745 million and the rest is supplied by Andhra Pradesh.

West Bengal is considered as the 2<sup>nd</sup> largest consumer of egg,

The strategic location of Bengal provides good conditions for poultry fanning. This area has hot weather during April and May and the same come down in the next months. We can experience cool nights for a major period due to the monsoon.

**TECHNICAL FEASIBILITY**: While farming the Project Report special care is given in the different areas to special care is given in the different areas to ascertain the technical feasibility of the same.

The chicks i.e. Babcock BV 300 layer chicks are easily available from Eastern Hatcheries.

Good and balance nutrition Poultry feed is available in the market easily

The management of the proposed poultry farm will be safe at the hands of well experienced and highly know ledged supervisors. The promoters have identified them.

The required veterinary care and guidance will be available from West Bengal Government Animal Husbandry Dept., West-Bengal State Poultry Farm, Disease diagnostic Lab. University of Animal Resource and Fisheries Science of West Bengal, Veterinary Surgeons and Poultry Experts. The promoter has contacted them for an initial discussion over the matter and the same has been assured by them. Moreover, our veterinary doctor should be take care of our farm,

**MARKETING ARRANGEMENTS**: As stated earlier, the per capita egg production is very low in our country; it is felt that the gap between the requirement and supply is to be a bridged in order to improve the health condition of the poor people of the country.

West-Bengal has been shortage of eggs and fully depends on Andhra eggs and boosting the production of eggs can make up the requirements

Kolkata, the largest consumer of egg, and it is mainly depends on the Andhra Pradesh eggs. If the product is supplied to the Metropolitan city at a less cost than the Andhra Pradesh based supplier, in a short period, the unit will not find any difficulties in marketing the product.

Culled birds are in great demand due to its high protein value and less price. Moreover, people prefer Broiler chicken due to its fleshy nature.

The gunny bags are early acceptable to the market because it can be used for packing agricultural products.

Poultry farm manure is the best choice for farmer due to the high mineral values and Fish Farmer's used the manure presently a good source of Nitrogen, Phosphate and Potash.

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ete City, Koikata

**ESTABLISHMENT OF POULTRY**: The proposed unit has a well selected site which has the following advantages of a typical poultry site.

- # It is situated near the urban area giving easy access to chicks, feed, medicine, vaccine and market.
- # The site is well connected with motor able road even during rainy season.
- # Direction of shed will be East -West which shall strictly followed,
- # The site possesses good water distribution arrangements.
- # The proposed site is at an elevated place.
- # There is no commercial poultry farm within the periphery of 0. 5 K.M
- # The area does not having any Water bodies nearby the farm site, within 0.5 K.M
- # The site is safely away from other small farms ensuring tough access to infectious diseases.
- # The area does not have any probability for stagnant water.

**REARING OF BIRDS UNDER CAGE SYSTEM**: This is the more scientific system than the usual deep litter system, considering the growth of population and the cost of building construction the poultry farmers are moving from the deep litter system to cage system.

The chicks are reared in different cages according to the age of the chicks.

**BOODER CAGE**: This system includes Brooder cages where chicks up to 8 weeks age are kept. The floor is covered with a paper to avoid damage of chick's legs.

**GROWER CAGE**: The chicks are reared under the system in a three-tier basis and the Birds of age up to next 12 weeks are kept.

**LAYER CAGES**: This is the cage where chicks of layer age are kept. Here the chicks are kept for 52 weeks up to culling.

## Advantages under Cage System

		0	8
	Deep litter system	Vs.	Cage system
I)	more shed space		Less shed space
ii)	More feed consumption		Less feed consumption.
iii)	High Mortality		Low Mortality.
iv)	Less number of eggs		More no. of eggs.
v)	Higher Investment		Low investment.
	Floor space	e required (un	der cage system)
1.	Brooder shed (0 -8 weeks)		0.50 sq.ft.
2.	Grower shed (9 -20 weeks)		0.75 sq.ft.
3.	Layer shed		1.00 sq.ft.
			Tale of Mills

Prani Sampad Phava

ite City, Kolka

## **MANAGEMENT OF LAYERS:-**

These birds are shifted from grower cage to the layer cage just before they start laying eggs. Here special care is given to the chicks as this is the stage in which the farm generates profits for its survival.

Here the birds are kept under light because light acts as the powerful stimulant to the birds. This artificial light can be provided by fixing electric bulbs.

## **FEEDING:**

High quality balance diet will be used in farming chicks/starter feed up to 8 weeks of age, grower feed for 9-16 weeks of age, and layer feeds for 17 -72 weeks of age shall be purchased as per requirement regarding on the age group of the layers. The detailed requirement schedule has been incorporated in the project report us per I S I standards.

	METABULIC ENERGY	CRUDE PROTEIN
Chicks Mash	2850-2900 KCAL	21
Grower Mash	2750-2800 KCAL	19
Layer Mash	2350-2750 KCAL	16 -19

This has been assessed as the standard one and the same may vary as per the climatically change from time to time.

**WATERING OF THE BIRDS**: It is always necessary to use fresh and clean drinking water. Cool drinking water supply for flock from Deep tube-well/Bore well through overhead tank and pipeline is to be given to avoid contaminations from Bacteria, fungal & virus etc. It is available in the farm as existing mini deep tube well with overhead tank and circulated in the farm by pipelines.

## DISEASE PREVENTION/CONTROL:

- i) Clean sanitary conditions for poultry sheds and equipment, balanced feed, fresh clean water, are essential to prevent diseases of the flocks.
- ii) Entry of visitors is to be avoided to the farm, especially inside the sheds. If visitors are asked to dip their feet in a disinfectant solution and also wash and clean their hands and asked to wear aprons and boots, provided by the farm.
- iii) Proper vaccination schedule and veterinary guidelines are to be followed.
- iv) High quality vaccination will be purchased from reputed manufacturers.
- Dead birds should be immediately removed from shed and will be sent to laboratory for diagnosis or buried/burnt suitable away from the poultry shed.
- vi) The waste of the farm should be suitably disposed off. Different workers! Should be employed in brooding and layer sheds.
- vii) Any bird showing advance signs of a disease, should be removed from the shed and culled, it can be sent to laboratory for diagnosis.
- viii) Birds showing preliminary symptoms of disease should be shown and diagnosed by veterinarians and their recommendations should be followed so for medications/treatment are concerned.

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ofe City, Kolkata

- ix) Rats are important carriers of poultry disease, hence to be avoided; suitable rat poisons/rat traps to be used.
- x) Many poultry medication can be given in drinking water, in measured quantity of water, so the entire medicine will be quickly consumed and there will be no wastage of medicines.
- xi) Mild infection of a disease may cause mortality, and reduced growth. Hence good track record is to be maintained,
- xii) Separate workers will be engage for the different activities of the farm.
- xiii) Guidelines in regard to bio-security of Government of India will be followed as far as possible,
- Xiv) Veterinary Doctor will be take care the unit activities regarding poultry management, feed, biosecurity, and also the poultry health in the farm.

## Table-2

## VACCINATION SCHEDULE

Effective and proper vaccination programme in layers is necessary to prevent mortality and losses from many dreadful poultry diseases. Vaccination programmes are available against the major poultry diseases viz., Ranikhet, Marek's disease and Fowl pox.

## Vaccination Calendar

The vaccination schedule is a general guide. Each farm and area will require some changes in the schedule. Following table can be used as a general guidance.

Age in days	Vaccine	Administration
For Commerc	rial layers	
0	Marek's	Subcutaneous injection (s/c inj.) at hatchery)
7	Ranikhet F/LaSota (lentogenic)	Eye drop
14-16	Live intermediate infectious bursal (IBD) Killed IBD (optional)	Eye drop
		0.2-0.3 ml. a chick s/c inj. on the same day.
18-20	Infectious bronchitis (IB)	Eye drop
24-26	Live intermediate IBD	Eye drop
28-30	Ranikhet LaSota	Eye drop
38-40	Live intermediate IBD (Optional)	Eye drop/drinking water
49-56	Ranikhet RDVK/R2B (mesogenic)	s/c inj.
63-70	Fowl pox	Wing web puncture
84-91	IB (optional)	Drinking water
119-126	Ranikhet RDVK/R2B (mesogenic) or killed RD	s/c inj.

After peak production every 8 weeks Ranikhet Lasota via. Drinking water.

## Note:

I) It is necessary to keep proper records of date of vaccination and on vaccines used including type, batch no., and serial number, date of purchase and date of use of vaccines along is essential for insurance claims.

Vaccination against Gambaro disease is advised in endemic areas

ii) The latest vaccination schedule as suggested by Department of animal Husbandry,



Kolkata

## Learn the Technical Terms

**BROODER** 

0 - 8 weeks

**GROWER** 

9 - 16 weeks

LAYER

17 - 72 weeks

**CULL** 

Sale to market as culled Bird,

## 17 POINTERS FOR BIGGER EGG PRODUCTION:

- 1. **Quality Bird**: Babcock BV300 birds, strain will perform best and is known to have good viability under these types of environmental conditions. Good chicks may cost more but they will perform better. Hence this practices to be followed in the farm.
- 2. **Housing**: There should be ample fresh air in this cage system. We have good land as one side and cultivated land on the other. So free air and proper ventilation is available.
- 3. Crowding: Crowding is avoided since the farm follows cage management.
- 4. **Feeding**: Fresh feed should be given to the birds,
- 5. **Watering**: Deep well water will be supplied through overhead water tank and pipeline. Hence any type of contamination can be overcome.
- 6. **Lighting**: Light will be maintained as per proper light schedule. There is standing by generator of the firm. So, maintaining proper light schedule is possible.
- 7. **Vaccination**: Expert's schedule from vetty, Dept. and reputed manufacture will be followed as per vaccinations schedule of commercial layers.
- 8. **De-Beaking**: Correct debeaking programme, to be followed as poor De-beaking can adversely effect egg production.
- 9. Culling: Unsuitable and uneconomic birds are to be timely culled.
- 10. **Health**: Watch for early signs of disease for its timely treatment before it flares up in a big way, some of the symptoms that indicate the onset of disease problems are drop in egg production and feed consumptions, increased morbidity and mortality, inactivity and lack of vigour, droopy ruffled appearance and respiratory distress. Sudden change in egg quality ese. Those points are to be taken care. Expert doctor will be engaged.

- 11. Sanitation: Sanitary measure is of vital importance in poultry operation. Keep roundworms, tapeworms and cecal worms under control. External parasites can cause serious farm hazards and can reduce production it unchecked. De worming at regular intervals should be practiced. Disinfection's and timely cleaning will be done at regular intervals by using required disinfecting medicines and cleaning materials and chemicals.
- 12. **Egg Quality**: Respiratory and intestinal disease should be kept under control for the maintenance of quality of egg shells. Indiscriminate use of sulpha drug can effect the egg shell quality. The use of tetracycline can however, improve it.
- 13. **Records**: A daily record of live stock birds register, feed stock, raw materials stock, mortality, culling, sales register, flexed assets register, godown stock registrar. Equipment stock, medicines and vaccinations stock (also expiry) cash book, ledger income and expenditure, records are essential to help, improve farming efficiency. This will help pinpoint any emerging trouble and its timely solution.

## 14. There should be

- Visitor register, (preferably restricted),
- Vehicle entry register ( that should be entry after disinfection and cleaning before the gate entry)
- Disinfect spray schedule register and that protocol of disinfect
- 15. Routine checking: All critical items of management should be listed on a daily, weekly or seasonal check list. Every item must be checked. It helps top locate the cause of trouble when it occurs. Routine checks are cleaning and refilling of drinkers feeders, cleaning of house and spraying insecticide, culling of birds, checking all electrical lines, cleaning the bulbs/lamps, egg collections, packaging, marketing etc.
- 16. Regular health check up program for the workers and all in the farm premises
- 17. T.L, Tender Loving Care.



## POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURE

The poultry farming is the Agro-based Industry and the proposed Farm site is far distance from the population and maintain to new population policy but no population clearance is required for set up the farm two sides of the proposed land are by forest Land and Forest also.

The unit will be maintaining the following steps.

- 1. **Emission:** Stand by Diesel Generator room will provide with residential silencer. Stack of silencer will be height not more than 15 ft.
- Water: For maintaining the farm, company will be having own deep tube well for meet up the
  necessity of the water for the unit. There is no chance of pollution water for consumption of
  Poultry Birds and domestic (Staff and others).
- 3. **Solid waste:** Poultry Manure is organic manure. The farming will be totally cage farming it will be hygienically maintained and the manure will be sales at a good demand for 1. Direct agriculture, 2. Fisheries, 3. Vermi culture for Bio fertilizer.
  - The manure having good source of calcium, nitrogen, phosphate, potash will be helpful to direct agricultural for good source of organic manure instead of chemical fertilizer.
- 4. Good Housekeeping to be maintained as a Professional farming and the farm fully rearing by cage system.
- 5. Tree planting will be three meters distance along the periphery of the farming.
- 6. Vacant area should be converted into vegetable cultivation, horticulture and floriculture.
- 7. **Staff Parameter:** There should be urinals and latrines and domestic effluent to be discharged through septic tank to soak pit within the farm area.
- 8. Cost of tree plantation will be minimum as a level of project and it may be maintain possibly from the cost of boundary and fencing and it will be maintain from companies own fund.

## SOCIAL OBLIGATION:

Company/unit should be careful about the areas social development, like rural health, education & educational materials etc. and units will be try to up liftment of rural poverty through different way of social services in that particular area. Employment is the main source of economic up liftment of that area. Besides the economic up Liftment Company will be try to develop the area's

own culture when the area is the backward area in west Bengal

## **BIRD FLOW CHART**

1+1+5 system

B. No.	Brooder Shed	Grower Shed	Layer Shed 1	Layer Shed 2	Layer shed 3	Layer shed 4	Layer shed 5
1.	0-8 wks.	9-16 wks.	17-72 wks.	1	1		1
2.	13-20 wks.	21-28 wks.	1	29-85	1	ı	
3.	25-32 wks.	33-40 wks.	1	1	41-97		1
4.	37-44 wks.	45-52 wks.		1	1	53-109	1
5.	49-56 wks.	57-64 wks.	1	1	1	1	65-121
.9	61-68 wks.	69-76 wks.	77-133	ı	1		1

## Note:

- 1. Chicks are purchased once in 12 weeks.
- Chicks stay for 8 weeks in brooder shed, 8 weeks in grower shed and 56 weeks in layer shed (4+52 weeks)

\* 3: edilds are culled at 72 weeks of their age.

Shed vacancy period is 4 weeks for all sheds.

W. West Benge

TABLE-1

## BIRD FLOW CHART

YEAR	ВАТСН	BROODER	GROWER	LAYER SHED 1	LAYER SHED 2	LAYER SHED 3	LAYER SHED 4	LAYER SHED 5	BATCHES PURCHASED	BROODING	GROWING	LAYING WEEKS	BATCHES
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
_	01	13-20	21-28	29-52					10	80	12	20	
	05	25-32	33-40		41-52				10	80	12	80	,
	03	37-44	45-52						10	80	80	,	ï
	04	49-52							10	40	1	•	·
									04	28	32	28	1
=	10			01-32c								32	01 B1
	05				01-44c						ï	44	01 B2
	03					01-52			,		90	48	ř
	04	01-04	05-12				13-52		ı	90	12	36	ī
	90	09-16	17-24					25-52	10	80	12	24	ì
	90	21-28	29-36	37-52					10	80	12	12	·
	20	33-40	41-48		49-52				10	80	12		ı
	80	45-52							10	80	ı		i
									04	36	52	196	02
=	03					01-04c			1	Sac.		04	01 B3
	04						01-16c			,	ï	16	01 B4
	92							01-28c	E	¢	ï	28	01 B5
rectorate or full	90			01-40c							1	40	01 B6
	200				01-52c				,	,	ì	52	10
	<b>80</b> 00		01-12			13-52				·	12	40	ī
	rces								1	t	12	180	90
The state of the s	6												

C/0

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(2)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
				B/F					ı	,	12	180	90
	60	05-12	13-20				21-52		10	80	12	28	Ē
	10	17-24	25-32					33-52	10	80	12	16	1
	=======================================	29-36	37-44	45-52					10	80	12	04	ī
	12	41-48	49-52						10	80	4		
									04	32	52	228	90
AND SO ON								I					
≥									90	36	52	224	04
>									04	36	52	224	90
<b> </b>									04	32	52	228	90
=									90	36	52	224	90
IIV									04	36	52	224	04

## Assumptions:

- Shed construction period 12 weeks; -. 0. w. 4. w.
- Hence Batch 1, arrives by 13th week in the 1 year.
  - One year 52 weeks.
- Birds which do not complete their brooding/growing/laying period within the year the remaining period is carried to the next year.
  - After 72 weeks of total stay, birds are called (C).



## PROJECT AT A GLANCE (Figure in lac.)

## 40000 NOS COMMERCIAL LAYER PER YEAR

1 Nature : Farm for Repairing of

40000 commercial layer per year.

361.75 Lacs 2 Total Project Cost Rs. 3 Term Loan from Bank Rs.

4 Working Capital from Bank for farm Section Rs.

247.44 Lacs Financed from farm Section Rs. 23.87 Lacs

and Own Investment Rs. Branch, and own Investment Rs.

82.48 Lacs. 7.96 Lacs.

	Operating Result	1 <sup>st</sup> Year	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	3rd Year	4 <sup>th</sup> Year	5 <sup>th</sup> Year	6 <sup>th</sup> Year	7 <sup>th</sup> Year	8 <sup>th</sup> Year
¥	A) Gross Revenue	61.23	427.45	512.76	498.43	504.51	512.76	498.43	498.43
B	B) Profit Before Tax	-34.26	90.34	137.50	123.55	132.27	137.50	123 55	
Ô	C) % of Profit Before Tax	-55.96%	21.13%	26.81%	24.79%	26.22%	26.81%	24.79%	"



CONTENT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE			
I ION PARAMETERS:			
ers to the Farm		40,000	free 5%
ds/ Batch		8,000	free 5%
y of Chicks Purchase	once in 12 Weeks		
f Rearing	1+1+5 under Cage		
	Rearing System		
ancy Period	4 Weeks		
SIZE:-			

PRODUCTION PARAMETERS:			d
to the Farm		40,000	free 5%
No of Birds/ Batch		8.000	free 5%
Frequancy of Chicks Purchase	once in 12 Weeks		
Method of Rearing	1+1+5 under Cage		
	Rearing System		
Shed Vacancy Period	4 Weeks		
BATCH SIZE:-			
CHICKS (Brooding Period)		8.400	
GROWER (Growing Period)		8.148	
LAYER FLOCK'S(Each Batch)		8,000	
CULL'S (Cuil's Selling Time Stock)		7,600	
SIZE OF THE SHED			
	Per Brooder/Chick		0.50
Shed Space	Per Grower		
	DANCID ID		

Mortality 3% 2% 5%

0.50 Sq Ft.	0.75 Sq Ft.	1.00 Sq Ft.	4.200 Sa Ft.	6,111 Sq Ft.
Per Brooder/Chick	Per Grower	Per Layer		
NOKIMA	Shed Space		Brooder Shed	Grower Shed

0.75 Sq Ft.	1.00 Sq Ft.	4,200 Sq Ft.	6,111 Sq Ft.
Per Grower	Per Layer		

6,111 Sq Ft.	40,000 Sq Ft.	50,311 Sq Ft.	Rs. 280 Per Sq Ft.
		Total Shed area to be Build	

Cost of Shed Construction Cost

Layer Shed

8 Weeks 8 Weeks iod. 4+52 Weeks	Per Brooder/Chick Rs 70 Per Bird's Per Grower cum Layer Birds Rs 75 Per Bird's Per Layer Birds Rs 105 Per Bird's
PERIOD OF STAY :- Chick's/ Brooders Growers Laying Period.	COST OF CAGES  Per Brooder/Chick Per Grower cum L Per Layer Birds

4 weeks for Pre- Laying Time.

		2,00,000	
And the state of t	phinent	Internal Road, Vechile Washing system, Dead Birds	
	1	13	1

Cost of

Internal Road, Vecnile Washing system, Dead Birds Disposal system/Pit Lum Sum Cost includes

Alesources and Animal Health West Ball Was avan Jan

40,000 COMMERCIAL LAYER BIRDS 1+1+5 SYSTEM

SEHEME FOR 40,000 COMMERCIAL LAYER BIRDS -16-1+1+5 SYSTEM

सत्यमेव जवते Preni Sampad Ehavan LB-2, Sector-III

Oko City, Kolka

""A"" PROJECT REPORT FOR

SL.NO

GROUP AND PARTICULARS LAND DEVLOPMENT:- In Acre

SHED & BUILDING

1 Land Boundury In Acre

2 Cost of Infrastructure development

3 Brooder/ Chicks Shed sq. ft

4 Grower shed sq ft

5 Layer Shed's 5 nos in sq ft

6 Office Building sq ft

7 office Furniture and Computers & Printers

8 Egg's store sq ft

10 Supervioser and Workers Quarter sq ft 9 Generator Room

11 Managers Quarter sq ft

C CAGE'S AND EQUIPMENT

Chick's/ Brooder Cage no of Birds Nos

2 Grower's cum Layer Cage no of Birds Nos

3 Layer Cage's no of Birds Nos

4 Other Poultry Keeping Equiptment L.S

D.INTREGATED FEED PRODUCTION :-

1 Feed store (Sq Ft)

2 Feed conveyer for Grower & Layer Birds

3 Feed Trolley for Grower & Layer Birds 4 Godwon for Packing Materials

E.WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM

1 Cost of Borewell

2 Cost of Water Pump with system

3 Cost of water overhead Tank

5 Cost of water distrubution Line Birds Nos 4 cost of water main Line Birds nos

57,92,412

1,73,77,236

2,31,69,648

40,000 COMMERCIAL LAYER SYSTEM 1:1:5 STATEMENT COST CAPITAL

48,000 75,000 50,000 62,500 28,000 87,500 67,500 60,185 28,274 1.50,000 2,94,000 4,27,770 28,125 1,52,775 22,750 37,500 25,000 OWN CONTRIBUTION 28,00,000 14,000 1,47,000 84,259 10,50,000 BANK LOAN 84,375 42,000 84,000 2,25,000 12,83,310 42,000 4,50,000 1,50,000 8,82,000 84,00,000 1,87,500 1,44,000 4,58,325 68,250 30,000 75,000 84,822 4,41,000 31,50,000 2,62,500 2,02,500 1,80,555 84,822 2,52,777 1,12,500 3,37,036 UNIT COST TOTAL COST 56,000 6,00,000 3,00,000 2,00,000 11,76,000 17,11,080 1,12,00,000 1,12,500 2,50,000 56,000 5,88,000 6,11,100 42,00,000 91,000 40,000 1,92,000 1,12,000 3,50,000 2,70,000 1,50,000 1,00,000 1,13,096 1,13,096 50,000 2,00,000 280 280 280 280 320 280 280 280 70 1,00,000 105 360 260 9 9 4,200 8,400 40,000 8,148 48,148 48,148 6,111 56,548 56.548 250 40,000 750 350 2

÷

40,000 COMMERCIAL LAYER 1:1:5 SYSTEM

329.93

Term Loan Farm

151.86

Shed/ Civil Works

OWN CONTRIBUTION	57,92,412	50,000	12,500	42,411	42,411	1,87,500	48.148	8,400	26,000	0	49,480	0	0	0	5,625	12,500	10,000	0	0	3,30,000	4,77,750	9,16,650	21,000	20,370	39,375	7,562
BANK LOAN OV	1,73,77,236	1,50,000	37,500	1,27,233	1,27,233	5,62,500	1,44,444	25,200	78,000	0	1,48,439	0	0	0	16,875	37,500	30,000	0	0	000'06'6	14,33,250	27,49,950	63,000	61,110	1,18,125	22,687
TOTAL COST	2,31,69,648	2,00,000	50,000	1,69,644	1,69,644	7,50,000	1,92,592	33,600	1,04,000	0	1,97,918	0	0	0	22,500	20,000	40,000	0	0	13,20,000	19,11,000	36,66,600	84,000	81,480	1,57,500	30,249
UNIT COST				3.00	3.00		4.00	4.00	6,500.00		3.50				22,500.00	50,000.00	40,000.00			33.00	22.75	20.00	0.25	0.20	3.75	1.25
NO/KG				56,548	56,548		48,148	8,400	16		56,548				-	-	-			40,000	84,000	1,83,330	42,000	40,740	42,000	24,200

9.50	251.50

25150

90.14

others

& Equipment Machinery

al Recuring			78.43
al Re	curing		
	al Re	_	

7,562

1,48,063

4,44,188

30,249 ,57,500

82,48,156

2,47,44,469 3,29,92,625 TOTAL PROJECT COST

PROJECT REPORT FOR

CAPITAL COST STATEMENT GROUP AND PARTICULARS Balance B/D

SL.NO

Electric connection cost F.ELECTRIFICATION

2 Security Deposit

3 Internal Electrification Birds Nos

4 Shed electrification Birds Nos

5 Generator. Nos L.S

G. FOOGER & SPRINKLLIERS & Fan,s

Fooger's System Birds Nos

2 Sprinkiller's System Birds Nos

3 Circulating fan's Nos

H.SHED CURTAIN SYSTEM

1 Equipment for curtain and Polithene. Birds Nos

I.OTHER SMALL EQUIPTMENTS

Refregrator

2 Debeaking Chick Feeding Trey Sprayer, tools etc

3 Plastic trey and other Small Quipment

J. CHICKS to PRE LAYER Point of

Lay for 1st 5 Batch to be CAPITALISED 1 Chick Cost

2 Feed cost @ 0.25 Kg Chick's Mash/ Birds/Weeks X 8 weeks

3 Feed cost @ 0.45 Kg Grower Mash/ Birds/Weeks X10 weeks

4 Medicine & Vaccination cost for Chicks

5 Medicine & Vaccination cost for Growers

6 Cost of Insurance of Day old Chicks

7 Insurance on Fixed assets in thousands

Salaries and Wages, Overheads, for 1st 6 months

Directorate Prani Sampad Shavan Coko City, Koixata

## Page No-19

## Sheet No- "B"

## WORKING CAPITAL REQUIREMENT (C/C)

Figure in Lacs

A	general contract of	F & F & #	$\Delta = \Delta =$	
Α	h-Or	FARM		16 3151
$\sim$	I OI	I MINI	3501	

SI.No.	Particulars	Amount
1	Ready feed with Balanced by vitamins and minerals required 1 weeks/7 days	12.92
	Production of feed. Calculation based upon 3rd year projected feed requirement	
	to running on full capacity, As per schedule No-Table -2	
2	Essential Medicine & Vaccination for 3 months stock, Calculation based upon	0.43
	3rd year projected feed requirement to running on full capacity	
	As per schedule No- Table -2	
3	Advance for chicks for one batch	2.64
3	other Expenditure for one months As per projected Table -	1.97
4	Products sales on credit for 1 week as per egg production statement & As per total	9.86
	sales statement in cash flow statement as per table -8	
5	Packging materials requirement L.S	4.00
	TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	31.82
	Less Margin 25%	7.96
	BANK LOAN C/C FOR FARM SECTION	23.87



## Page No-20

## SHEET NO- 'C'

LOAN REQUIREMENT & PROJECT COST (Figure in Lac)

	Particulars of Loan	Nature	Project	Bank	Margin
		of Loan	Cost	Loan	Companyes
					Share
	TERM LOAN				
1	Term Loan for Set-Up commercial Layer Poultry Unit	Term Loan	329.93	247.44	82.48
	Total Term Loan		329.93	247.44	82.48
	WORKING CAPITAL(C/C)				
	TOTAL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P				
Α	For Farm Section	Cash Credit	31.82	23.87	7.96
A		Cash Credit	31.82	23.87	7.96



Schedule No-2

## STATEMENT OF FEED & MEDICINE COST

						(NS III Edu.)	(IVS III Edd.)	and the same of th	(IVS III EAC.)	(RS III Lac.)
Year	No of Birds Weeks	Weeks	Feed Requirement	Total feed	Feed Cost	Total Feed	Total	Cost of	Total Cost	Total Yearly
			Per Birds.inGrms/Week	Consumption	Per Kg	Expense.	Yearly feed	Medicine/Bird	of Medicine	Cost
BROODERS	S			Per Week/ Kg.			cost	Per Week		
	1 8400	28	0.250	58800	22.75	13.38		0.25	0.59	
. 4	2 8400	36	0.250	75600		17.20		0.25	0.76	
. ,	3 8400	32	0.250	67200	22.75	15.29		0.25	0.67	
4	4 8400	36	0.250	75600		17.20		0.25	0.76	
-/	5 8400	36	0.250	75600		17.20		0.25	0.76	
•	8400	32	0.250	67200	22.75	15.29		0.25	0.67	
, -	7 8400	36	0.250	75600	22.75	17.20		0.25	0.76	4
	8 8400	36	0.250	75600	22.75	17.20		0.25	0.76	
GROWERS		00	0.17	7000		1, 60				
	8148	32	0.450	117331	20.00	23.47		0.20	0.52	
. 4	2 8148	52	0.450	190663	20.00	38.13		0.20	0.85	
	3 8148	52	0.450	190663	20.00	38.13		0.20	0.85	
7		52	0.450	190663		38.13		0.20	0.85	
-/	5 8148	52	0.450	190663	20.00	38.13		0.20	0.85	
9	6 8148	52	0.450	190663	20.00	38.13		0.20	0.85	
	7 8148	52	0.450	190663	20.00	38.13		0.20	0.85	
~	8 8148	52	0.450	190663	20.00	38.13		0.20	0.85	
LAYERS	8									
,	1 8000	28	0.784	175616	19.75	34.68	71.53	0.20	0.45	1.56
. 4	2 8000	196	0.784	1229312	19.75	242.79	298.12	0.20	3.14	4.74
/	3 8000	228	0.784	1430016	19.75	282.43	335.85	0.20	3.65	5.17
7		224	0.784	1404928	19.75	277.47	332.80	0.20	3.58	5.19
ectorate or	5 8000	224	0.784	1404928	19.75	277.47	332.80	0.20	3.58	5.19
7	8000	228	0.784	1430016	19.75	282.43	335.85	0.20	3.65	5.17
	23	224	0.784	1404928	19.75	277.47	332.80	0.20	3.58	
	8000	224	0 784	1404928	19.75	277.47	332.80	0.20	3 58	5 19

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Schedule No-3 COST OF DAY OLD CHICKS (DOC)

Total Cost of CHICKS		33.00 10.56	33.00					
cost of one D.O.C								
Total No of CHICKS	32000	32000	32000	40000	32000	32000	40000	32000
No of Batches	4	4	4	5	4	4	5	4
No of CHICKS Per Batch	8000	8000	8000	8000	8000	8000	8000	8000
YEAR	-	2	8	4	5	9	7	8



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Schedule No-4

OTHER EXPENSES

								YE	YEARS			
SL.NO	PARTICULARS	\RS										
		No	Salary	Total	1	2	3	4	2	9	7	8
1 8	1 Salary & Wages				18.29	18.29	18.29	18.29	18.29	18.29	18.29	18.29
	1 Manager	1	11,000	11000								
	1 Manager/Supervisor	-	8500	102000								
	2 Worker	22	6500	1716000								
2	Pawer & Fuel		30000	360000	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60	3.60
က	Insurance on Birds			150000		1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
4	Insurance on Fixed assets	ssets		30249	0.00	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30
4	Misc. Expenditure		15000	180000	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80
	Total Expenditure				23.69	23.69	23.69	23.69	23.69	23.69	23.69	23 69
1st Year 5	1st Year 50% of Total				11.85							

ist Year other expenditure will be 50% of Total expense In Rupees 5,92,250



# STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR SALES OF EGG'S & CULLED BIRDS

TOTAL INCOME		56.90	410.43	493.70	479.49	485.57	493.70	479.49	479.49	
Sale Value	of Culled Birds		12.16	30.40	24.32	30.40	30.40	24.32	24.32	
Sale Value	of Total Egg	56.90	398.27	463.30	455.17	455.17	463.30	455.17	455.17	
Sale Value	EGG'S	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	
Total Egg	Production No	14,22,400	99,56,800	1,15,82,400	1,13,79,200	1,13,79,200	1,15,82,400	1,13,79,200	1,13,79,200	
Egg Production Per Birds	330 no of Egg in 52 Weeks	6.35	6.35	6.35	6.35	6.35	6.35	6.35	6.35	
No of	Lay.Weeks	28	196	228	224	224	228	224	224	
No of Birds	Layers Available	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	
YEAR No of Birds	Purchased	8,400	8,400	8,400	8,400	8,400	8,400	8,400	8,400	
YEAR		1	2	3	4	5	9	7	80	



Page No-25

## Schedule No-6 STATEMENT OF GUNNY BAGS SALES

YEAR	Feed Con	Feed Comsumed in / KG	KG	<b>Total Feed</b>	No of Gunny	Rate	Total Income
	Brooders	Growers	Layers	Consumed./KG	d)	Per Bags	in Lac.
					75 Kg Feed per Bag	in Rs.	
_	58,800	1,17,331	1,75,616	3,51,747	4,690	20	0.94
2	75,600	1,90,663	12,29,312	14,95,575	19,941	20	3.99
က	67,200	1,90,663	14,30,016	16,87,879	22,505	20	4.50
4	75,600	1,90,663	14,04,928	16,71,191	22,283	20	4.46
5	75,600	1,90,663	14,04,928	16,71,191	22,283	20	4.46
9	67,200	1,90,663	14,30,016	16,87,879	22,505	20	4.50
7	75,600	1,90,663	14,04,928	16,71,191	22,283	20	4.46
00	75,600	1,90,663	14,04,928	16,71,191	22,283	20	4.46
						Annual Street or other Designation of the last of the	



Schedule No- 7

STATEMENT OF INCOME (SALES OF POULTRY MANURE)

						Layer Batch	8000				Figure in Lac
YEAR	Batch (	Batch Size for Brooder & G	ooder & Groger	er.		Laying	Manure	Total	Total	Rate	Total
	Brooders Growers	Growers	Brooder& Grower	Manure	Total Qty	Weeks	Per Bird/K.G Qty/Layers	Qty/Layers	Available	of Manure	Income from
			Weeks	Per Bird/Week	Manure			AND	Qty	M.T	Manure
-	8400	8148	09	0.300	148932	28	0.500	112000	260932	1300	3.39
2	8400	8148	88	0.300	218434	196	0.500	784000	1002434	1300	13.03
က	8400	8148	84	0.300	208505	228	0.500	912000	1120505	1300	14.57
4	8400	8148	88	0.300	218434	224	0.500	896000	1114434	1300	14.49
2	8400	8148	88	0.300	218434	224	0.500	896000	1114434	1300	14.49
9	8400	8148	84	0.300	208505	228	0.500	912000	1120505	1300	14.57
7	8400	8148	88	0.300	218434	224	0.500	896000	1114434	1300	14.49
∞	8400	8148	88	0.300	218434	224	0.500	896000	1114434	1300	14.49



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Schedule No- 8 ( Rs. In Lac's)

PARTICULARS/YEARS         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8           1. Chicks         1. Chicks         10.56			=	INCOME & EXPENDITURE STATEMENT	PENDITURE	STATEMEN	_		
XPENSES         10.56         10.56         10.56         10.56         10.56         10.56         10.56         10.56         10.56         10.56         10.56         10.56         13.20           71.53         298.12         335.85         332.80         335.85         332.80         332.80         332.80         332.80         332.80         332.80         332.80         332.80         332.80         332.80         332.80         332.80         332.80         332.80         332.80         332.80         332.80         336.9         23.69         23.	PARTICULARS/YEARS	-		m	4	10		7	C
10.56         10.56         10.56         13.20         10.56         10.56         10.56         10.56         10.56         10.56         13.20           71.53         298.12         335.85         332.80         335.85         335.85         332.80         3           1.56         4.74         5.17         5.19         5.19         5.19         5.19           rative Expense         4.77         16.86         18.76         18.74         18.74         18.74           PENSES         95.49         337.11         375.27         374.88         375.27         374.88         3	EXPENSES							+	
71.53         298.12         335.85         332.80         335.85         332.80         332.80           1.56         4.74         5.17         5.19         5.19         5.19         5.19         5.19           rative Expense         4.77         16.86         18.76         18.74         18.61         18.76         18.74           PENSES         95.49         337.11         375.27         374.88         375.24         375.27         374.88         3	1. Chicks	10.56	10.56	10.56	13.20	10.56	10.56	13.20	10.56
rative Expense         4.74         5.17         5.19         5.19         5.19         5.19           FENSES         4.77         16.86         18.74         18.74         18.61         18.76         18.74           PENSES         95.49         337.11         375.27         374.88         375.24         375.27         374.88         3	2. Feed.	71.53	298.12	335.85	332.80	332.80	335.85	332 80	332 80
tpense         4.77         16.86         18.76         23.69 <th< th=""><th>3.Medicine.</th><td>1.56</td><td>4.74</td><td>5.17</td><td>5.19</td><td>5.19</td><td>517</td><td>5 19</td><td>5 10</td></th<>	3.Medicine.	1.56	4.74	5.17	5.19	5.19	517	5 19	5 10
tpense         4.77         16.86         18.76         18.74         18.61         18.76         18.74           95.49         337.11         375.27         374.88         372.24         375.27         374.88         3	4. Others	11.85	23.69	23.69	23.69	23.69	23.69	23.69	23.69
95.49 337.11 375.27 374.88 372.24 375.27 374.88	5. Administrative Expense	4.77	16.86	18.76	18.74	18.61	18.76	18.74	1861
	TOTAL EXPENSES	95.49	337.11	375.27	374.88	372.24	375.27	374.88	372.24

INCOME								
1.Eggs	26.90	398.27	463.30	455.17	455.17	463.30	455 17	455 17
2.Culls	00.00	12.16	30.40	24.32	30.40	30.40	24.32	24.32
3.Manure	3.39	13.03	14.57	14.49	14.49	14.57	14 49	14 40
4.Gunney Bags	0.94	3.99	4.50	4.46	4 46	4 50	4 46	AAR
TOTAL INCOME	61.23	427.45	512.76	498.43	504.51	512.76	498.43	498 43
NET INCOME	-34.26	90.34	137.50	123.55	132.27	137.50	123.55	126.19

As all recurring expenses in the 1st year has been considered for composit term loan actual Flow will be Rs lacs for Chicks, Feed, Medicine and other cost 78.43 The amount in the project cost Rs.

44.17



(Rs. In lac)

## **ESTIMATION OF WORKING RESULT**

504.51 372.24 17.54 14.87 14.87 114.73	YEAR	1	=	=	2	>	5	II/	III/
Hovide by 337.11 375.27 374.88 372.24 5.000 29.40 26.16 21.85 17.54 61.23 38.41 91.73 84.63 99.86 61.23 60.95 111.34 101.70 114.73 61.00 20.53 41.07 41.07 41.07	Revenue Earning (Income)	61.23	427.45	512.76	498.43	504.51	512.76	498 43	498 43
Out     29.40     26.16     21.85     372.24       0.00     22.53     19.61     17.07     14.87       61.23     38.41     91.73     84.63     99.86       61.23     60.95     111.34     101.70     114.73       61.23     60.95     111.34     101.70     114.73	Total Expenses (Chicks,	Provide by	44.700	100					
0.00     29.40     26.16     21.85       0.00     22.53     19.61     17.07       61.23     38.41     91.73     84.63       0.00     22.53     19.61     17.07       61.23     60.95     111.34     101.70     1       0.00     20.53     41.07     41.07     41.07	reed, Medicille, Others)	Bank Loan	337.11	3/5.2/	374.88	372.24	375.27	374.88	372.24
0.00     22.53     19.61     17.07       61.23     38.41     91.73     84.63       0.00     22.53     19.61     17.07       61.23     60.95     111.34     101.70     1       0.00     20.53     41.07     41.07     41.07	Interest	00.00	29.40		21.85	17.54	13.23	9.91	4.60
61.23     38.41     91.73     84.63       0.00     22.53     19.61     17.07       61.23     60.95     111.34     101.70     1       0.00     20.53     41.07     41.07	Depreciation	0.00	22.53		17.07	14.87	11.49	11.47	10.02
0.00     22.53     19.61     17.07       61.23     60.95     111.34     101.70     1       0.00     20.53     41.07     41.07	Cash Accrual	61.23	38.41		84.63	98.86	112.78	103.17	111.56
61.23 60.95 111.34 101.70 1	Add Back Depreciation	0.00	22.53		17.07	14.87	11.49	11.47	10.02
0.00 20.53 41.07 41.07	Net Cash Accrual	61.23	60.95	111.34	101.70	114.73	124.27	114.64	121.59
	(-) Repayment Principal	00.00	20.53	41.07	41.07	41.07	41.07	41.07	41.07



## REPAYMENT SCHEDULE WITH DSCR

	Net Average	D.S.C.R	00:00		2.17	1.72	1.54	1.75	1.88	1.72	1.83	1.80
	Gross Average D.S.C.R		00.00		1.51	1.46	1.37	1.55	1.70	1.62	1.79	1.57
h)	PAT Before Depreciation		31.48		44.62	70.68	63.19	71.75	77.30	70.56	75.09	
(Figure in lakh)	PAT Before Depreciation + T.L Interest		31.48		71.57	94.40	82.59	86.84	88.08	77.03	77.25	
	T.L Installment + Interest on T.L		0.00		47.48	64.78	60.47	56.16	51.85	47.53	43.22	
	Total Interest for P/L Account		00.00		29.40	26.16	21.85	17.54	13.23	8.91	4.60	
	Interest on Working Capital @	10.25	0.00		2.45	2.45	2.45	2.45	2.45	2.45	2.45	
	Interest on Term Loan	10.25	19.49		26.95	23.72	19.40	15.09	10.78	6.47	2.16	
	Closing Balance of Term Loan		247.44	266.93	246.40	205.33	164.27	123.20	82.13	41.07	0.00	
	Principal Repayment of Term loan		0.00	Interest Capitalised 1st yr	20.53	41.07	41.07	41.07	41.07	41.07	41.07	
	Opening Balance of Term Loan		247.44	Interest	266.93	246.40	205.33	164.27	123.20	82.13	41.07	
	Year		1		2	3	4	5	9	7	8	

Tatal Rs. 23.87 Lacs and annual interest for those C.C will be 2.45 Lacs.

Lacs. Lacs. Policetorate of American Separation of the First date of disbursement. Or one year from the 1st chicks arriaval to the Farm. Whithher is Latter.

Gröss Average D.S.C.R. 1.80 Lacs 23.87 Lacs and annual interest for those C.C will be 2.45 \* WORKING CAPITAL LOAN (C/C) Interest Farm Section for Rs. 23.87 Lacs and annual interest for

es and A

west Bengar

Page No-30

Schedule No - 11 DEPRECIATION CALCULATION TABLE (W.D.V.)

(Rs in Lacs)

	TOTAL	CL. BALANCE	242.00	219.46	199.86	182.78	167.91	156.42	144.95	134.92
	TOTAL	DEPRECIATION	0.00	22.53	19.61		14.87	11.49	11.47	10.02
15	9	Cl. Balance	90.14	76.62	65.13	55.36	47.05	40.00	34.00	28.90
	CAGE/ MACHINERY -15%	Op. Balance Depreciation Cl. Balance	00.0	13.52	11.49	9.77	8.30	7.06	00.9	5.10
	CAGE/ MAC	Op. Balance	90.14	90.14	76.62	65.13	55.36	47.05	40.00	34.00
10	10N -10%	Cl. Balance	151.86	81.13	73.01	65.71	59.14	54.71	49.23	44.31
	CIVIL CONSTRUCTION -10%	Depreciation CI. Balance	00.00	9.01	8.11	7.30	6.57	4.44	5.47	4.92
	SHED/CIVIL	Op. Balance	151.86	90.14	81.13	73.01	65.71	59.14	54.71	49.23
	YEAR		_	2	3	4	5	9	7	80



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Schedule No 12

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT

							Figure in Lakh	akh
DESCRIPTION & REFERENCE	1ST YEAR	2ND YEAR	2ND YEAR 3RD YEAR 4TH YEAR 5TH YEAR	4TH YEAR	<b>5TH YEAR</b>	<b>6TH YEAR</b>	7TH YEAR	8TH YEAR
INFLOW								
Capital	82.48	7.96						
Bank Term Loan	247.44	00.00						
Interest Capitalised	19.49	00.00						
Bank Working Capital Loan	00.00	23.87						
Net Profit Before Depreciation	31.48	54.09	92.57	82.96	96.12	105.51	95.89	102.98
TOTAL	00000	20.20						
12.0	200.03	65.91	92.5/	82.96	96,12	105.51	95.89	102.98
OUTFLOW								
Acquisation of Fixed Assets	242.00							
Cost for Birds Flocks Stock	90.00	10.00						
Cost of Buffer/Working stock	00.00	40.00						
Repayment of Term Loan	00.00	20.53	41.07	41.07	41.07	41.07	41.07	41.07
Tax Paid	00.00	9.47	21.89	19.77	24.37	28.20		27.89
TOTAL	332.00	80.00	62.96	60.83	65.44	69.27	66.39	68.95
NET INFLOW (OUTFLOW)	48.89	5.91	29.62	22.12	30.68	36.24	29.50	34.02
OPENING CASH & BANK BALANCES	0.00	48.89	54.81	84.42	106.55	137.22	173.46	202.96
CLOSING CASH & BANK BALANCES	48.89	54.81	84.42	106.55	137.22	173.46	202.96	236.98
Working capital should be disburshed from incoming of 1st flock arrival	ncoming of 1st flo	ock arrival						

Working capital should be disburshed from incoming of 1st flock arrival



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# schedule No- 13 PROJECTED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

A. INCOME         13T YEAR         2ND YEAR         3TD YEAR         4TH YEAR         5TH YEAR         7TH YEAR         7TH YEAR         8TH YEAR					-			Light e III Lacs	252
61.23         427.45         512.76         498.43         504.51         512.76         498.43         504.51         512.76         498.43         40.51         512.76         498.43         40.51         512.76         498.43         40.51         512.76         498.43         40.51         512.76         498.43         40.51         512.76         498.43         40.51         40.51         40.51         40.51         40.52         40.	DESCRIPTION & REFERENCE	1ST YEAR	2ND YEAR	3RD YEAR	4TH YEAR	<b>5TH YEAR</b>	<b>6TH YEAR</b>	7TH YEAR	8TH YEAR
61.23         427.45         512.76         498.43         504.51         512.76         498.43         404.51         512.76         498.43         404.51         512.76         498.43         404.51         512.76         498.43         404.51         512.76         498.43         404.51         512.76         498.43         404.51         512.76         498.43         404.51         404.51         406.45 </th <th>A. INCOME</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	A. INCOME								
61.23         427.45         512.76         498.43         504.51         512.76         498.43         498.43         504.51         512.76         498.43         498.43         408.42         408.42         408.42         408.42         408.42         408.42         408.42         408.42         408.42         408.42         408.42         408.42         408.42         408.42         409.00 </td <td>ncome from Sales</td> <td>61.23</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>504.51</td> <td>512.76</td> <td>498.43</td> <td></td>	ncome from Sales	61.23				504.51	512.76	498.43	
61.23         427.45         512.76         498.43         504.51         512.76         498.43         504.51         512.76         498.43         404.52         512.76         498.43         404.52         512.76         498.43         404.52         512.76         498.43         404.52         408.43         408.43         408.43         408.43         408.43         408.43         408.43         409.43 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
95.49 337.11 375.27 374.88 372.24 375.27 374.88 3  19.49 29.40 26.16 21.85 17.54 13.23 8.91  0.00 22.53 19.61 17.07 14.87 11.49 11.47  4.77 16.86 18.76 18.74 18.61 18.76 18.74  0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00  119.75 405.90 439.80 432.55 423.27 418.75 414.01 4  -58.52 21.56 72.97 65.89 81.24 94.01 84.42  0.00 0.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00  31.48 31.56 72.97 65.89 81.24 94.01 84.42  0.00 99.47 21.89 19.77 24.37 28.20 25.33  31.48 54.09 92.57 82.96 96.12 105.51 95.89  31.48 44.62 70.68 63.19 71.75 77.30 70.56	OTAL INCOME	61.23		512.76	498.43	504.51	512.76	498.43	
95.49         337.11         375.27         374.88         372.24         375.27         374.88         3           19.49         29.40         26.16         21.85         17.54         13.23         8.91           0.00         22.53         19.61         17.07         14.87         11.49         11.47           4.77         16.86         18.76         18.74         18.74         18.74         18.74         18.74           0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00           119.75         405.90         439.80         432.55         423.27         418.75         414.01         414.01           -58.52         21.56         72.97         65.89         81.24         94.01         84.42           0.00         90.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00           90.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00           90.00         9.47         21.89         19.77         24.37         28.20         25.33           10N         31.48         54.09         92.57         82.96         96.12 <t< td=""><td>3.EXPENDITURE</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	3.EXPENDITURE								
19.49       29.40       26.16       21.85       17.54       13.23       8.91         0.00       22.53       19.61       17.07       14.87       11.49       11.47         4.77       16.86       18.76       18.74       18.76       18.74       18.74         0.00       0.00       0.00       0.00       0.00       0.00       0.00         119.75       405.90       439.80       432.55       423.27       418.75       414.01       4         -58.52       21.56       72.97       65.89       81.24       94.01       84.42       100.00       100.00       100.00       100.00       100.00       100.00       100.00       100.00       100.00       100.00       100.00       100.00       100.00       100.00       0.00	otal Expenditure	95.49	337.11	375.27	374.88	372.24	375.27	374.88	372.24
0.00         22.53         19.61         17.07         14.87         11.49         11.47           4.77         16.86         18.76         18.74         18.61         18.76         18.74           0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00           119.75         405.90         439.80         432.55         423.27         418.75         414.01         41.01           -58.52         21.56         72.97         65.89         81.24         94.01         84.42           0.00         90.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00           0.00	nterest	19.49					13.23		4.60
4.77         16.86         18.76         18.74         18.61         18.76         18.74         18.74         18.75         18.74         18.75         18.74         18.75         18.74         18.75         18.74         18.75         18.74         18.75         18.74         18.74         18.74         18.74         18.74         18.74         18.74         18.74         144.01         41.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         0.00	Pepreciation	0.00	22.53		17.07	14.87	11.49	11.47	10.02
0.00         100.00         100	dministrative Expenditure	4.77	16.86			18.61	18.76	18.74	18.61
119.75         405.90         439.80         432.55         423.27         418.75         414.01         414.01           -58.52         21.56         72.97         65.89         81.24         94.01         84.42           0.00         90.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00           0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00           31.48         31.56         72.97         65.89         81.24         94.01         84.42           0.00         9.47         21.89         19.77         24.37         28.20         25.33           10N         31.48         54.09         92.57         82.96         96.12         95.10           10N         31.48         54.09         92.57         82.96         96.12         56.87         65.89         105.89           10N         31.48         54.09         92.57         82.96         96.12         105.51         95.10           10N         31.48         54.09         92.57         82.96         96.12         77.30         77.30		0.00	00.00		00.00	00.0	0.00	00.00	
-58.52         21.56         72.97         65.89         81.24         94.01         84.42           0.00         90.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         0.00 <td>OTAL EXPENDITURE</td> <td>119.75</td> <td>405.90</td> <td>439.80</td> <td>432.55</td> <td>423.27</td> <td>418.75</td> <td>414.01</td> <td>405.48</td>	OTAL EXPENDITURE	119.75	405.90	439.80	432.55	423.27	418.75	414.01	405.48
-58.52         21.56         72.97         65.89         81.24         94.01         84.42           0.00         90.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         100.00         0.00									
0.00         90.00         100.00         0.00	ET CREDIT -(A-B)	-58.52	21.56		65.89	81.24	94.01	84.42	
90.00         100.00 </td <td>pening stock of Birds</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>90.00</td> <td></td> <td>100.00</td> <td>100.00</td> <td>100.00</td> <td>100.00</td> <td>100.00</td>	pening stock of Birds	0.00	90.00		100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
0.00         0.00 <th< td=""><td>losing Stock of Birds</td><td>90.00</td><td>100.00</td><td>100.00</td><td>100.00</td><td>100.00</td><td>100.00</td><td>100.00</td><td>100.00</td></th<>	losing Stock of Birds	90.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
31.48         31.56         72.97         65.89         81.24         94.01         84.42           0.00         9.47         21.89         19.77         24.37         28.20         25.33           10N         31.48         22.09         51.08         46.12         56.87         65.81         59.10           10N         31.48         54.09         92.57         82.96         96.12         105.51         95.89         1           31.48         44.62         70.68         63.19         71.75         77.30         70.56		0.00	00.00		00.00	00.00	0.00	00.00	00.00
0.00         9.47         21.89         19.77         24.37         28.20         25.33           10N         31.48         54.09         92.57         82.96         96.12         105.51         95.89         1           31.48         44.62         70.68         63.19         71.75         77.30         70.56	ROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	31.48		72.97	62.89	81.24	94.01	84.42	
ION         31.48         22.09         51.08         46.12         56.87         65.81         59.10           ION         31.48         54.09         92.57         82.96         96.12         105.51         95.89         1           31.48         44.62         70.68         63.19         71.75         77.30         70.56	ROVISION FOR TAXATION	0.00	9.47	21.89		24.37	28.20	25.33	
ION         31.48         54.09         92.57         82.96         96.12         105.51         95.89         1           31.48         44.62         70.68         63.19         71.75         77.30         70.56	ROFIT AFTER TAXATION	31.48	22.09		46.12	56.87	65.81	59.10	
31.48 44.62 70.68 63.19 71.75 77.30 70.56	4	31.48			82.96	96.12	105.51	95.89	
	et Profit after tax Before Depreciation	31.48				71.75	77.30	70.56	



Schedule No- 14

## PROJECTED BALANCE SHEET

							Figure in Lakh	akh
DESCRIPTION & REFERENCE	1ST YEAR	2ND YEAR	2ND YEAR 3RD YEAR 4TH YEAR		5TH YEAR	6TH YEAR	5TH YEAR 6TH YEAR 7TH YEAR 8TH VEAD	8TH VEAD
LIABILITIES								100
Capital	82.48	90.44	90.44	90.44	90.44	90 44	90 44	90 44
Bank Loan (Term Loan)	266.93	100	205.33	164.27	123.20	82 13		000
Bank Loan (Working capital)	00.00	23.87	23.87	23.87	23.87	23.87	23.87	23.87
Reserve & Surplus	31.48	53.56	104.64	150.76	207.63	273.44	332 54	397.60
Tax Provision	00.00	9.47	21.89	19.77	24.37	28.20	25.33	27.89
TOTAL	380.89	423.73	446.17	449.10	469.51	498.08	513 23	539 79
ASSETS								2.000
Fixed Assets Less Depreciation	242.00	219.46	199.86	182.78	167.91	156.42	144.95	134.92
Stock of Flocks	90.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Stock of Feed & suppliments	0.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00		40.00
Cash & bank Balances	48.89	54.81	84.42	106.55	137.22	173.46	202.96	236.98
Advance tax	0.00	9.47	21.89	19.77	24.37	28.20	25.33	27.89
TOTAL	380.89	423.73	446.17	449.10	469.51	498.08	513.23	539.79
Difference	00.00	00.0	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.0	000	000
			Particular and Advantage of the Section of the Sect					00.0

